Discussion questions:

- 1. How is your life the same as Alma's and how was it different?
- 2. How would you feel if you were forced to move to another country or even state?
- 3. Can you think of any other groups than the Acadians that were forced from their lands in America?

Bingo Phrases:

- 1. When did the story take place: 1755
- 2. What was the name of Alma's land: Acadia
- 3. What modern-day country was Acadia in: Canada
- 4. From whom did Acadia get its name: French
- 5. When did the Acadians first settle in America: 1604
- 6. What areas did the Mi'kmaq settle: Coasts
- 7. Acadians came to American with the intentions of settling: permanently
- 8. With whom were the French almost always at war: British
- 9. What ethnicity was Alma's mother: Mi'kmaq
- 10. How did the Mi'kmaq get their food: hunting and fishing
- 11. Why couldn't the Mi'kmaq farm on a large scale: high tides
- 12. The Acadians did not displace the Indians, instead they _____ with them: cooperated
- 13. How did the Acadians farm the area when the Indians could not: dikes and levees
- 14. What type of shop did Alma's family run: butcher shop
- 15. What type of religion did the mixed Acadian family follow: Catholic
- 16. What was a major war involving the French and British back then: French and Indian War
- 17. The British ______ the Acadians after the wars: deported
- 18. Acadians were expected to fend for themselves after they were deported without any: jobs or funds
- 19. What were the mainly British families called that took over Acadia: "the New England Planters"
- 20. The Mi'kmaq would not give up their culture, so according to the British they should be allowed to: die
- 21. Where did Alma's family end up after deportation: Louisiana
- 22. Where did Alma's mother and father get a job in Louisiana: fishery
- 23. New Orleans was a city of mixed _____: race
- 24. What were the Acadian's new name in Louisiana: Cajuns

1755	Coasts	Butcher shop	1604	Cooperated
French and Indian War	Acadia	Deported	Permanently	The New England Planters
Fishing	Louisiana		Canada	Catholic
Die	French	Jobs or funds	High tides	Race
Mi'kmaq	Fishery	Dikes and levees	British	Cajuns

Cooperated	Cajuns	Permanently	Jobs or funds	Catholic
Acadia	French	Louisiana	Coasts	British
Dikes and levees	1755		Race	Canada
Fishing	Deported	French and Indian War	Butcher shop	Fishery
High tides	1604	Die	The New England Planters	Mi'kmaq

Acadia	Die	1755	British	French and Indian War
Coasts	French	Deported	Permanently	Fishery
The New England Planters	Cooperated		Fishing	Dikes and levees
Canada	Butcher shop	Cajuns	Louisiana	1604
Jobs or funds	High tides	Race	Mi'kmaq	Catholic

Permanently	High tides	Fishing	Cajuns	The New England Planters
Mi'kmaq	French and Indian War	Butcher shop	Die	Louisiana
Cooperated	Acadia		Race	Deported
Jobs or funds	1604	French	British	Catholic
Coasts	Dikes and levees	1755	Canada	Fishery

Canada	Mi'kmaq	British	French and Indian War	Deported
1604	Permanently	1755	Acadia	Louisiana
The New England Planters	Die		High tides	Catholic
Fishery	Cooperated	Cajuns	Dikes and levees	Butcher shop
Fishing	French	Jobs or funds	Race	Coasts

Jobs or funds	High tides	1604	French	Acadia
French and Indian War	Louisiana	Dikes and levees	Deported	Fishing
Cooperated	Fishery		The New England Planters	Mi'kmaq
Coasts	Canada	Race	1755	Cajuns
Permanently	Die	Butcher shop	British	Catholic